

**National Oceanic and Atmospheric  
Administration**

**Office of  
Oceanic and Atmospheric Research**

**Air Resources Laboratory Science Review  
June 21-23, 2016**

**Guidelines for Review Panel Members**

**May 2016**

## **1. Introduction**

Laboratory science reviews are conducted every five years to evaluate the **quality**, **relevance**, and **performance** of research conducted in Oceanic and Atmospheric Research (OAR) laboratories. This review is for both internal OAR/NOAA use for planning, programming, and budgeting, and external interests. It helps the Laboratory in its strategic planning of its future science. These reviews are also intended to ensure that OAR laboratory research is linked to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Strategic Plan, is relevant to NOAA Research mission and priorities, is of high quality as judged by preeminence criteria, and is carried out with a high level of performance.

These guidelines have been prepared using experience gained from previous laboratory reviews. The goal of the guidelines is to clarify your role and assist in the organization of the work of the review panel. The guidelines cover the process from when you receive the invitation letter to participate on the review panel to submission of the summary report of the review panel.

## **2. Research Areas in Review and Charge to the Review Panel**

Each member of the review panel should have received the “charge to the reviewers” document. The charge covers the following topics: purpose of the review, scope of the review, research areas for the review, evaluation guidelines including questions to be addressed by the review panel, proposed schedule including the dates of the review, time frame for delivery of the final review report as well as the time commitment for reviewers, and review panel resources. Each member is asked to complete a review report (using an Evaluation Worksheet, Appendix C) so that each research area will be reviewed by at least two panel members; members will provide those reviews to the Chair. The Chair will summarize the recommendations and ratings of individual reports of the review panel, but will not attempt to seek a consensus of the review panel on any findings or recommendations. Each member of the review panel received a conflict of interest disclosure form; thanks for returning the completed form. A description of the Laboratory’s research areas is in Appendix A.

## **3. Resources for the Review Panel**

Mike Farrar, Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator (DAA) of OAR for Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes, will provide the resources necessary for you and the review panel to complete its work. A list of OAR contacts for the review is in Appendix D. All Laboratory review materials and presentations for the review will be posted to a website in advance of the review. The web site will contain background documents from NOAA (e.g., NOAA Strategic Plan, NOAA Research 5-Year Plan); background data on the Laboratory, including several “indicators of preeminence” (e.g., publications, awards, scientific leadership, patents); and presentation files. There will be a binder with printed copies of presentations for you at the review. You are also provided a template (form) on

which to complete your review observations, findings, and recommendations and to provide your overall evaluation of the research areas (Appendix C).

#### **4. Logistics and Agenda for the Review**

Travel arrangements for the onsite review will be made and paid for by OAR. Laboratory staff will contact you to arrange travel to the review. If you have not already done so, please provide the Laboratory travel coordinator (listed in Appendix D) with your intended dates of travel and other particulars by the requested due dates to ensure all arrangements are made satisfactorily. The laboratory will reserve a block of hotel rooms for the reviewers, but you will be asked to cover all your travel expenses (except air fare) upfront and will be reimbursed, usually through direct deposit to your bank, after laboratory staff complete the travel reimbursement forms with your help. Some receipts may be needed for reimbursement. If you have not been the recipient of federal travel reimbursement before, you will need to register as a U.S. government vendor to receive your travel reimbursement. The Laboratory travel staff will do that for you, but you will have to provide them with some personal identifying information, including the routing and account numbers for your bank account for direct deposit of the reimbursement. For non-U.S. reviewers, you will be sent a check for travel cost reimbursement. Travel schedules should be chosen to allow you to attend all scheduled review sessions.

Laboratory staff may also ask for information for building security in advance of the review, particularly for reviewers who are not U.S. citizens. In any case, bring photo identification.

#### **5. Teleconferences Prior to the Review**

Two teleconferences will be scheduled to discuss the review process and answer any questions you may have. The first of these teleconferences will occur approximately six weeks prior to the review, and the second will occur approximately two weeks prior to the review. In addition to the review panel members, attendees will include the OAR Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator (DAA), the OAR Headquarters coordinator, and management from the Laboratory. On the first call, the charge to the review panel and the draft agenda for the review will be discussed as well as any other questions reviewers may have on the process or on the preliminary materials on the website. The second call will cover information provided on the website, presentation materials, the final review agenda, the review reports, and resolution of last-minute details. During this call, we ask that you identify any additional information needs. All relevant information requested by the review panel will be provided on the review website at least two weeks before the review and prior to the second teleconference with the review panel.

## **6. During the Review**

Reviews are held over a three-day period. On the morning of the first day, you will meet at breakfast with the OAR Assistant Administrator (AA) and Acting DAA to discuss any final issues before the review. Generally the first morning will include an overview presented by the Laboratory director and other senior management staff. The review agenda includes presentations and discussions that will provide information on the research areas to be reviewed and the questions to be addressed by the review panel. These presentations may include PowerPoint presentations, poster sessions, demonstrations, and/or facility tours. Time will be built into the review schedules for questions and discussion following presentations. Interactive dialogue and discussion during all of the sessions is strongly encouraged.

As time permits, reviewers will meet in closed sessions with Laboratory management, as well as with laboratory scientists, visiting scientists, and/or Post Docs, without management present. A separate session has been arranged for teleconference and in-person discussions with the Laboratory's key stakeholders. While you will receive answers to stakeholder questionnaires in advance, this is an opportunity to get additional input about the Laboratory's science, products and services from key customers. Please use these closed sessions to probe more deeply into the science and operations of the Laboratory.

Time will also be set aside for reviewers-only, closed sessions. The goals of the reviewers-only sessions are to provide time for the review panel to discuss any presentations or information provided and to identify additional information needed or issues that need to be clarified. The closed sessions also provide an opportunity to work on the individual evaluations and to prepare for the preliminary report to laboratory management at the end of the third day. At any time during the review, you should feel free to request additional information or clarifications from Laboratory staff.

## **7. Preparations and Submission of the Review Report**

We ask that you complete your individual reports providing a rating - Highest Performance, Exceeds Expectations, Satisfactory or Needs Improvement - as outlined on the form. The evaluation guidelines (Appendix B) provide a description of what constitutes these ratings and evaluation questions to consider in providing a rating. For the convenience of the panel, a fillable Evaluation Worksheet is provided in Appendix C for entry of findings and recommendations for each research area assessed as well as the overall rating discussed above. We ask that, based on your findings, you provide recommendations that are specific and actionable by the laboratory. The Chair will compile a final summary report from the individual reports. In order to be compliant with the Federal Advisory Committee Act, the Chair is asked not to seek consensus, but to summarize or otherwise combine the individual evaluations.

We suggest that the final summary report include the following elements:

- ✓ **Cover Page**  
Please include a title page with the title, *Summary Report of the Science Review of the NOAA Air Resources Laboratory*, the date of the review, and the names of the reviewers and their organizational affiliations.
  
- ✓ **Overview Section**  
Please include details of the location and date of review and the research areas covered in the report. Please include a statement that the report is not a consensus, but a summary of individual reviewer reports.
  
- ✓ **Summary of Laboratory-Wide Findings and Recommendations**  
Include in this section an overall rating for the entire Laboratory, and findings and recommendations relevant to the entire Laboratory. These could include points that arose in multiple Research Areas, during the presentations, discussions, lab tours, or other aspects of the review agenda, or in discussions during the work sessions of the review panel.  
  
Also include in the report a listing/table that summarizes each reviewer's overall evaluation rating (Highest Performance, Exceeds Expectations, Satisfactory, Needs Improvement) for each research area he/she reviewed, and, if possible, also ratings for the subcategories of Quality, Relevance, and Performance. It is helpful for the Laboratory to understand the findings and recommendations, and that the recommendations are worded so they are actionable.
  
- ✓ **Findings and Recommendations by Research Area**  
Include findings and recommendations for each research area, and include the overall rating for each research area (Highest Performance, Exceeds Expectations, Satisfactory, Needs Improvement). For ratings of "needs improvements" please suggest specific actions the Laboratory could take to make improvements.
  
- ✓ **Summary of Recommendations**  
Please include a numbered list of all recommendations in your report.

The final report is requested within **45 days** of the review and should be submitted by the Review Panel Chair to the DAA and the Program Planning and Evaluation (PPE) Coordinator (Appendix D). Once the report is received, OAR staff will have **30 days** to review the report, identify any factual errors or necessary clarifications, and send the technical corrections to the review panel. The review panel will consider the suggested technical corrections and deliver the final report and individual evaluations (separate files) within **30 days** to the OAR Acting Assistant Administrator with a copy to the PPE.

## **8. Uses for and Distribution of the Review Report**

As outlined in the “purpose of the review” section of the “charge to reviewers,” Laboratory scientific reviews are conducted to help the Laboratory in its strategic planning of its future science, and to ensure that Laboratory research is linked to the NOAA Strategic Plan, is relevant to OAR mission and priorities, is of high quality as judged by preeminence criteria, and is carried out with a high level of performance. After submission of the final report by the review panel, the Laboratory will be asked to review the report and prepare a plan, to be discussed with OAR management, to incorporate recommendations into Laboratory research and operations.

The final report will be a standalone, public document and may be distributed to internal NOAA and external audiences. Your individual reports will not be made public, and will only be used by OAR as background for the final report. Internal distribution of the individual reports will be limited.

## **9. Schedule and Time Commitment for Reviewers**

The on-site review will be conducted over a three-day period, June 21-23, 2016, at the Air Resources Laboratory in College Park, Maryland. Two teleconferences are planned with the Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator for OAR in advance of the review (~six weeks prior and ~2 weeks prior).

Each reviewer is asked to independently prepare his or her written evaluation on each of the research areas assigned to them and provide these to the Chair. The Chair will draft the final report summarizing the individual evaluations and transmit it to the Acting Deputy Assistant Administrator and the OAR HQ PPE Coordinator (see Appendix D) within 45 days of completion of the review. Once the report is received, OAR staff will have 30 days to review the report, identify any factual errors or necessary clarifications, and send the technical corrections to the review panel. The review panel will consider the suggested technical corrections and deliver the final report and individual evaluations (separate files) within 30 days to the Assistant Administrator, OAR, with a copy to the PPE.

## **Appendix A**

### **Description of Research Areas for the Review**

#### **Research Area #1: Atmospheric Dispersion and Boundary Layer Characterization**

The accidental or intentional release of chemical, biological, or nuclear agents, as well as ash associated with volcanic eruptions, can have significant health, safety, national security, economic, and ecological implications. The Air Resources Laboratory (ARL) provides critical modeling and observation data to understand how, where, and when chemicals and materials are transported through the atmosphere. Having this understanding is essential for emergency managers and the aviation industry to respond appropriately and minimize or prevent disaster. A primary tool developed by ARL is the HYSPLIT modeling system. HYSPLIT is designed to support a wide range of simulations related to the atmospheric transport and dispersion of pollutants and hazardous materials, as well as the deposition of these materials to the Earth's surface. Some of the applications include tracking and forecasting the release of radioactive material, volcanic ash, wildfire smoke, and hazardous chemicals. ARL regularly improves, tests, and distributes HYSPLIT to hundreds of users around the world. Operationally, the model is used by NOAA's National Weather Service through the National Centers for Environmental Prediction and at local Weather Forecast Offices. It is also used by NOAA's National Environmental Satellite, Data, and Information Service Satellites and the National Ocean Service. In addition, ARL sponsors a web-based system providing rapid access to HYSPLIT dispersion simulations and supporting information.

ARL advances the understanding of atmospheric boundary layer processes that occur on a small-scale within complex environments. Through design, evaluation, and operation of high resolution observing networks and tracer field studies, ARL research improves the accuracy of atmospheric dispersion predictions and the characterization of the boundary layer in support of the dispersion community and for other research applications. The boundary layer has a significant influence on a number of important atmospheric and environmental issues, including the dispersion of airborne hazardous materials; low-level winds and turbulence; convective initiation; evolution of hurricanes; air quality; regional climate changes; the transfer of compounds between land/water and the atmosphere; and the behavior of wildland and agricultural fires and the smoke they produce. ARL conducts dispersion and boundary layer research in various locations around the country and also provides meteorological and consequence assessment support for the safe operation of major U.S. Department of Energy research facilities in Idaho and Nevada.

#### **Research Area #2: Atmospheric Chemistry and Deposition**

Pollutants released into the air can impact air quality, as well as terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems when the pollutants deposit to Earth. Effective targeting of air pollution controls depends on having good scientific understanding of which specific pollutant sources and regions are contributing to air and water quality issues. While much progress

has been made in reducing releases of harmful air pollutants, many locations in the U.S. continue to experience problems associated with air pollutants and poor air quality. On an annual basis, air pollution contributes to tens of thousands of premature deaths from cardiovascular and respiratory diseases. Chemicals in the atmosphere also damage crops and forests, degrade aquatic ecosystems, and contribute to climate change. ARL evaluates and improves computer models used by the National Weather Service in support of state and local forecasters who predict the occurrence of ground-level ozone and fine particulate matter. These forecasts improve the ability of communities and individuals to respond to anticipated episodes of poor air quality by reducing pollutant emissions (e.g., limiting driving) and by taking personal protective measures (e.g., limiting outdoor exercise).

ARL also conducts a variety of research on the exchange of pollutants between the air and the Earth's surface, which improves understanding and guides policy concerning air quality management and ecosystem health. ARL focuses on pollutants, such as mercury, reactive nitrogen, and sulfur compounds, which can have significant impacts on the environment and—in the case of mercury—human health. ARL activities include a) developing and applying a specialized HYSPLIT modeling system that tracks mercury emissions and links these emissions to atmospheric transport, transformation, and deposition; b) conducting long-term, intensive ambient air monitoring of mercury; c) conducting short-term, process-level field studies for mercury and reactive nitrogen compounds; and d) supporting long-term, research-grade monitoring of acids and nutrients in precipitation.

### Research Area #3: Climate Observations and Analyses

Changes in the climate can influence economic prosperity, human and environmental health, and national security. Citizens, communities, businesses, governments, and international organizations are requiring climate information and products to cope with climate variability and to adapt to and mitigate climate change. ARL's Climate Observations and Analyses research provides essential information for decision-makers to understand how and why climate has changed and what changes might occur in the future. ARL's activities focus on advancing the quality and quantity of reference observations; evaluating selected observing systems for their ability to satisfy ongoing and evolving climate requirements; improving the understanding of air-surface interactions; and analyzing long-term observational datasets and models to understand climate variability and change.

ARL provides high quality, reference-grade measurements of critical climate parameters, such as air temperature, precipitation, winds, land surface temperature, and solar radiation. As a key participant in climate observing networks, both nationally and internationally, ARL develops methods for measuring climate parameters with high accuracy and reliability. ARL designs, evaluates, and maintains the instrument suites and the infrastructure for the U.S. Climate Reference Network, which provides the Nation with a climate-quality benchmark observing system that meets national commitments to monitor the climate of the United States for the next 50-100 years. ARL also conducts



long-term field studies to improve the understanding of interactions between the atmosphere, the land surface, and plants, which leads to better climate and weather predictions. Additionally, ARL conducts energy, water, and greenhouse gas flux measurements and analyzes their relationships. A predictive understanding of the surface energy budget and related feedbacks is critical to the understanding of climate forcing factors at the land surface and the ability to credibly predict future conditions, especially those related to water resources.

## Appendix B

### OAR Laboratory Reviews Evaluation Guidelines

**Purpose of the Review:** Laboratory science reviews are conducted every five years to evaluate the **quality, relevance, and performance** of research conducted in Oceanic and Atmospheric Research (OAR) laboratories. This review is for both internal OAR/NOAA use for planning, programming, and budgeting, and external interests. It helps the Laboratory in its strategic planning of its future science. These reviews are also intended to ensure that OAR laboratory research is linked to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Strategic Plan, is relevant to NOAA Research mission and priorities, is of high quality as judged by preeminence criteria, and is carried out with a high level of performance.

Each reviewer will independently prepare their written evaluations so that all research areas have at least two reviews. The Chair will create a report summarizing the individual evaluations. The Chair will not analyze individual comments or seek a consensus of the reviewers.

#### **Evaluation Guidelines**

For each research area reviewed, each reviewer will provide one of the following overall ratings:

- *Highest Performance*--Laboratory greatly exceeds the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in almost all areas.
- *Exceeds Expectations*--Laboratory goes well beyond the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in many areas.
- *Satisfactory*--Laboratory meets expectations and the criteria for a Satisfactory rating.
- *Needs Improvement*--Laboratory does not reach expectations and does not meet the criteria for a Satisfactory rating. The reviewer will identify specific problem areas that need to be addressed.

Reviewers are to consider the Quality, Relevance, and Performance of the laboratory, and to provide one of the overall ratings above for each research area reviewed. We also ask that, in addition to the overall ratings for each research area, if possible also assign one of these ratings for the subcategories of Quality, Relevance, and Performance within the research area reviewed. Ratings are relative to the Satisfactory definitions shown below.

1. **Quality:** Evaluate the quality of the Laboratory's research and development. Assess whether appropriate approaches are in place to ensure that high quality work will be performed in the future. Assess progress toward meeting OAR's goal to conduct preeminent research as listed in the "Indicators of Preeminence."

- **Quality Rating Criteria:**
  - *Satisfactory* rating -- Laboratory scientists and leadership are often recognized for excellence through collaborations, research accomplishments, and national and international leadership positions. While good work is done, Laboratory scientists are not usually recognized for leadership in their fields.
  
- **Evaluation Questions to consider:**
  - Does the Laboratory conduct preeminent research? Are the scientific products and/or technological advancements meritorious and significant contributions to the scientific community?
  - How does the quality of the Laboratory's research and development rank among Research and Development (R&D) programs in other U.S. federal agencies? Other science agencies/institutions?
  - Are appropriate approaches in place to ensure that high quality work will be done in the future?
  - Do Laboratory researchers demonstrate scientific leadership and excellence in their respective fields (e.g., through collaborations, research accomplishments, externally funded grants, awards, membership and fellowship in societies)?
  
- **Indicators of Quality:** Indicators can include, but not be limited to the following (note: not all may be relevant to each Laboratory)
  - A Laboratory's total number of refereed publications per unit time and/or per scientific Full Time Equivalent scientific staff (FTE).
  - A list of technologies (e.g. observing systems, information technology, numerical modeling algorithms) transferred to operations/application and an assessment of their significance/impact on operations.
  - The number of citations for a lab's scientific staff by individual or some aggregate.
  - A list of awards won by groups and individuals for research, development, and/or application.
  - Elected positions on boards or executive level offices in prestigious organizations (e.g., the National Academy of Sciences, National Academy of Engineering, or fellowship in the American Meteorological Society, American Geophysical Union or the American Association for the Advancement of Science etc.).
  - Service of individuals in technical and scientific societies such as journal editorships, service on U.S. interagency groups, service of individuals on

boards and committees of international research-coordination organizations.

- A measure (often in the form of an index) that represents the value of either individual scientist or the Laboratory's integrated contribution of refereed publications to the advancement of knowledge (e.g., Hirsch Index).
- Evidence of collaboration with other national and international research groups, both inside and outside of NOAA including Cooperative Institutes and universities, as well as reimbursable support from non-NOAA sponsors.
- Significance and impact of involvement with patents, invention disclosures, Cooperative Research and Development Agreements and other activities with industry.
- Other forms of recognition from NOAA information customers such as decision-makers in government, private industry, the media, education communities, and the public.
- Contributions of data to national and international research, databases, and programs, and involvement in international quality-control activities to ensure accuracy, precision, inter-comparability, and accessibility of global data sets.

**2. Relevance:** Evaluate the degree to which the research and development is relevant to NOAA's mission and of value to the Nation.

➤ **Relevance Rating Criteria:**

- *Satisfactory* rating -- The R&D enterprise of the Laboratory shows linkages to NOAA's mission, Strategic Plan, and Research Plan, and is of value to the Nation. There are some efforts to work with customer needs but these are not consistent throughout the research area.

➤ **Evaluation Questions to consider:**

- Does the research address existing (or future) societally relevant needs (national and international)?
- How well does it address issues identified in the NOAA strategic plan and research plans or other policy or guiding documents?
- Are customers engaged to ensure relevance of the research? How does the Laboratory foster an environmentally literate society and the future environmental workforce? What is the quality of outreach and education programming and products?

- Are there R&D topics relevant to national needs that the Laboratory should be pursuing but is not? Are there R&D topics in NOAA and OAR plans that the Laboratory should be pursuing but is not?
- **Indicators of Relevance:** Indicators can include, but not be limited to the following (note: not all may be relevant to each Laboratory)
- Results of written customer survey and interviews
  - A list of research products, information and services, models and model simulations, and an assessment of their impact by end users, including participation or leadership in national and international state-of-science assessments.
- 3. Performance:** Evaluate the overall effectiveness with which the Laboratory plans and conducts its research and development, given the resources provided, to meet NOAA Strategic Plan objectives and the needs of the Nation. The evaluation will be conducted within the context of three sub-categories: **a) Research Leadership and Planning, b) Efficiency and Effectiveness, c) Transition of Research to Applications (when applicable and/or appropriate).**
- **Performance Rating Criteria:**
- *Satisfactory* rating --
    - The Laboratory generally has documented scientific objectives and strategies through strategic and implementation plans (e.g., Annual Operating Plan) and a process for evaluating and prioritizing activities.
    - The Laboratory management generally functions as a team and works to improve the operation of the Laboratory.
    - The Laboratory usually demonstrates effectiveness in completing its established objectives, milestones, and products.
    - The Laboratory often works to increase efficiency (e.g., through leveraging partnerships).
    - The Laboratory is generally effective and efficient in delivering most of its products/outputs to applications, operations or users.
- A. Research Leadership and Planning:** Assess whether the Laboratory has clearly defined objectives, scope, and methodologies for its key projects.
- **Evaluation Questions to consider:**

- Does the Laboratory have clearly defined and documented scientific objectives, rationale and methodologies for key projects?
  - Does the Laboratory have an evaluation process for projects: selecting/continuing those projects with consistently high marks for merit, application, and priority fit; ending projects; or transitioning projects?
  - Does the laboratory have the leadership and flexibility (i.e., time and resources) to respond to unanticipated events or opportunities that require new research and development activities?
  - Does the Laboratory provide effective scientific leadership to and interaction with NOAA and the external community on issues within its purview?
  - Does Laboratory management function as a team and strive to improve operations? Are there institutional, managerial, resource, or other barriers to the team working effectively?
  - Has the Laboratory effectively responded to and/or implemented recommendations from previous science reviews?
- **Indicators of Leadership and Planning:** Indicators can include, but not be limited to, the following (Note: Not all may be relevant to each Laboratory).
- Laboratory Strategic Plan
  - Program/Project Implementation Plans.
  - Active involvement in NOAA planning and budgeting process.
  - Final report of implementation of recommendations from previous Laboratory review.

**B. Efficiency and Effectiveness:** Assess the efficiency and effectiveness of the Laboratory's research and development, given the Laboratory's goals, resources, and constraints and how effective the Laboratory is in obtaining needed resources through NOAA and other sources.

- **Evaluation Questions to consider:**
- Does the Laboratory execute its research in an efficient and effective manner given the Laboratory goals, resources, and constraints?
  - Is the Laboratory organized and managed to optimize the conduct and planning of research, including the support of creativity? How well integrated is the work with NOAA's and OAR's planning and execution activities? Are there adequate inputs to NOAA's and OAR's planning and budgeting processes?
  - Is the proportion of the external funding appropriate relative to its NOAA base funding?

- Is the Laboratory leveraging relationships with internal and external collaborators and stakeholders to maximize research outputs?
- Are human resources adequate to meet current and future needs? Is the Laboratory organized and managed to ensure diversity in its workforce? Does the Laboratory provide professional development opportunities for staff?
- Are appropriate resources and support services available? Are investments being made in the right places?
- Is infrastructure sufficient to support high quality research and development?
- Are projects on track and meeting appropriate milestones and targets? What processes does management employ to monitor the execution of projects?

➤ **Indicators of Efficiency and Effectiveness:** Indicators can include, but not be limited to, the following (Note: Not all may be relevant to each Laboratory).

- List of active collaborations
- Funding breakout by source
- Lab demographics

**C. Transition of Research to Applications:** How well has the Laboratory delivered products and communicated the results of their research? Evaluate the Laboratory's effectiveness in transitioning and/or disseminating its research and development into applications (operations and/or information services).

➤ **Evaluation Questions to consider:**

- How well is the transition of research to applications and/or dissemination of knowledge planned and executed?
- Are end users of the research and development involved in the planning and delivery of applications and/or information services? Are they satisfied?
- Are the research results communicated to stakeholders and the public?

➤ **Indicators of Transition:** Indicators can include, but not be limited to, the following (Note: Not all may be relevant to each Laboratory).

- A list of technologies (e.g. observing systems, information technology, numerical modeling algorithms) transferred to operations/application and an assessment of their significance/impact on operations/applications.

- Significance and impact of involvement with patents, Cooperative Research and Development Agreements (CRADAs) and other activities with industry, other sectors, etc.
- Discussions or documentation from Laboratory stakeholders



**Appendix C**  
**Evaluation Worksheets**  
 (Note in WORD the boxes below will expand to fit the text)

**Evaluation Worksheet 1**

<b>Research Area: Atmospheric Dispersion and Boundary Layer Characterization</b>
<b>Reviewer:</b> <b>Overall Evaluation:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Highest Performance</i> --Laboratory greatly exceeds the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in almost all areas. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Exceeds Expectations</i> --Laboratory goes well beyond the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in many areas. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Satisfactory</i> --Laboratory meets expectations and the criteria for a Satisfactory rating. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Needs Improvement</i> --Laboratory does not reach expectations and does not meet the criteria for a Satisfactory rating. The reviewer will identify specific problem areas that need to be addressed.
<b>QUALITY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>RELEVANCE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>PERFORMANCE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>Recommendations for Atmospheric Dispersion and Boundary Layer Characterization  </b> <b>Please provide specific, actionable recommendations based on your observations/findings</b>

## Evaluation Worksheet 2

<b>Research Area: Atmospheric Chemistry and Deposition</b>
<b>Reviewer:</b> <b>Overall Evaluation:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Highest Performance</i> --Laboratory greatly exceeds the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in almost all areas. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Exceeds Expectations</i> --Laboratory goes well beyond the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in many areas. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Satisfactory</i> --Laboratory meets expectations and the criteria for a Satisfactory rating. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Needs Improvement</i> --Laboratory does not reach expectations and does not meet the criteria for a Satisfactory rating. The reviewer will identify specific problem areas that need to be addressed.
<b>QUALITY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>RELEVANCE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>PERFORMANCE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>Recommendations for Atmospheric Chemistry and Deposition</b> Please provide specific, actionable recommendations based on your observations/findings

### Evaluation Worksheet 3

<b>Research Area: Climate Observations and Analyses</b>
<b>Reviewer:</b> <b>Overall Evaluation:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Highest Performance</i> --Laboratory greatly exceeds the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in almost all areas. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Exceeds Expectations</i> --Laboratory goes well beyond the Satisfactory level and is outstanding in many areas. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Satisfactory</i> --Laboratory meets expectations and the criteria for a Satisfactory rating. <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Needs Improvement</i> --Laboratory does not reach expectations and does not meet the criteria for a Satisfactory rating. The reviewer will identify specific problem areas that need to be addressed.
<b>QUALITY</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>RELEVANCE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>PERFORMANCE</b> <input type="checkbox"/> Highest Performance <input type="checkbox"/> Exceeds Expectations <input type="checkbox"/> Satisfactory <input type="checkbox"/> Needs Improvement
<b>Comments and observations/findings:</b>
<b>Recommendations for Climate Observations and Analyses</b> Please provide specific, actionable recommendations based on your observations/findings

**Reviewer Feedback Worksheet – Additional Comments and Feedback on the Review Process**

<b>Reviewer:</b>
<b>Additional comments for OAR and laboratory management:</b>
<b>Additional comments and suggestions on conduct of the review for use in future laboratory reviews</b> Please help OAR improve our science review process by telling us what worked well and did not work well throughout the process. In order to reduce the burden on you and the Laboratory staff, we would like to provide only the useful background information. What information provided was especially useful or not useful in your evaluations? What additional information would have helped you in your evaluation? What information could have been omitted without impacting the quality of your review?

## Appendix D

### Contact Information for the ARL Science Review

OAR Assistant Administrator, Mr. Craig McLean  
[Craig.Mclean@noaa.gov](mailto:Craig.Mclean@noaa.gov)  
301-713-2458

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